

केंद्रीय भूमि जल बोर्ड

जल संसाधन, नदी विकास और गंगा संरक्षण विभाग, जल शक्ति मंत्रालय

भारत सरकार

Central Ground Water Board

Department of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation, Ministry of Jal Shakti Government of India

AQUIFER MAPPING AND MANAGEMENT OF GROUND WATER RESOURCES

KELAMANGALAM FIRKA, KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT, TAMIL NADU

दक्षिण पूर्वी तटीय क्षेत्र, चेन्नई South Eastern Coastal Region, Chennai

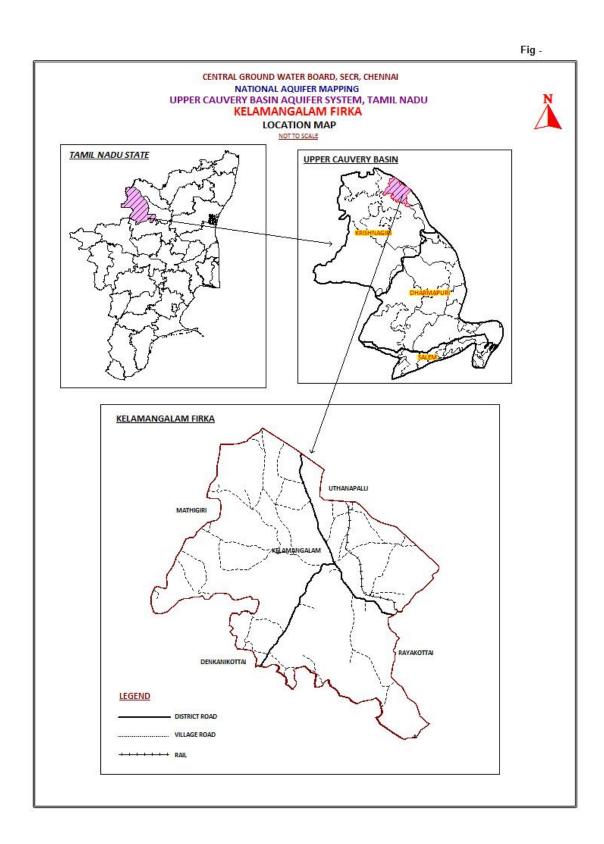
REPORT ON AQUIFER DISPOSITION & MANAGEMENT PLAN KELAMANGALAM FIRKA, KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT, TAMILNADU STATE

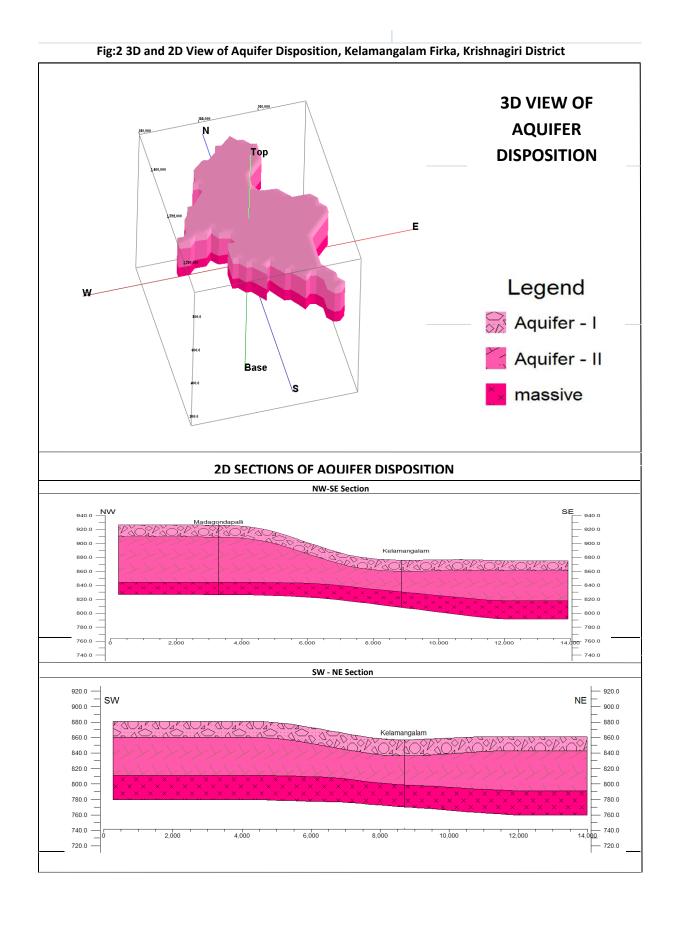
By Dr.K.Rajarajan Scientist-B

	SALIENT FEATURES			
1	Name of the Firka/Area	:	KELAMANGALAM / 116.49 sq.km	
	Revenue Division		DENKANIKOTTAI TALUK	
	Location		N 77° 43′ 11″ to 77° 57′ 56″	
	(Fig-1)		E 12° 20′ 28 " to 12° 36′11"	
2	No. of Revenue villages	:	11	
3	District/State	:	Krishnagiri / Tamilnadu	
4	Population (2011 Census)	:	46531	
5	Normal Rainfall (mm)	:	1597 Monsoon: 1240 Non-Monsoon: 357	
6	Agriculture (2012-13)(Ha)	:	 Gross irrigated area: 1165.62 Paddy: 75.57 Sugar cane: 60.94 Banana: 34.67 Other crops: 994.44 Ground water: 935.00 Surface water (Tanks): 230.00 	
7	Existing and future water demands (HaM)		Domestic & Industrial • Existing: 43.41 • Future (year 2025): 49.35 Irrigation • Existing: 948.55	
8	Water level behaviour (m bgl)	:	Pre-monsoon: 6.19 - 11.50 Post-monsoon: 2.10 - 8.05	
	AQUIFER DISPOSITION	:		
9	No of Aquifers	:	2	
10	3-D aquifer disposition and basic characteristics of each aquifer Fig.2: 3 D map and 2D - Sections	:	Geology – Charockites/Gneisses Aqufer-1 (Weathered Zone): Thickness varies from 9 - 20 m Transmissivity(T): 3 - 45 m²/day Specific Yield (Sy): 0.01to 0.015 Aquifer-2 (Fractured Zone): Depth of fracturing varies from 20-190 m. Transmissivity (T): 10 -75 m²/day Specific storage (S): 0.00001- 0.0002 Cumulative yield (Aquifer 1 and Aquifer 2)	

			0.1 to 2.5 lps.
11	Ground water Issues	:	Sustainability of wells (1-2 hrs).
12	Ground water resource availability and extraction-2012-13 (MCM)	:	 Net GW availability: 14.78 Gross Ground Water draft for Irrigation: 9.49 Gross Ground water draft for domestic and industrial supply: 0.43 Gross GW draft: 9.99 Stage of ground water development: 67 % Category: Safe
13	Ground water extraction	:	Ground water extraction structures: no's • Bore wells: 738 no's • Dug wells: 452 no's
14	Chemical quality of ground water, contamination and its suitability	:	EC (μS/cm) min: 869 and max: 2410 NO ₃ (mg/L): Min: 19 and max 99 F (mg/L): Min 0.31 and Max: 1.5 All chemical constituents are within the permissible limit of BIS drinking water standards (IS: 10500:2012) except Nitrate having High values.
15	Ground Water Recharge Scenario	:	MCM
15.1	Recharge from Rainfall (Monsoon)	:	10.25
15.2	Recharge from Other sources (Tanks and applied irrigation) (Monsoon)	:	2.72
15.3	Recharge from rainfall (Non- Monsoon)	:	2.46
15.4	Recharge from Other sources (Tanks and applied irrigation) (Non- Monsoon)	:	0.99
15.5	Total annual GW Recharge	:	16.42
15.6	Natural Discharge	:	1.64
15.7	Existing Minor Irrigation Tanks (Area in ha)	:	Nil
15.8	Storage from existing tanks (MCM)	:	Nil
16	Storage from existing AR Structures (MCM)	:	1.20

Fig-1: Location Map of Kelamangalam Firka.





AQUIFER MANAGEMENT PLAN KELAMANGALAM FIRKA, KRISHNAGIRI DISTRICT, TAMILNADU STATE

	WATER RESOURCE AVAILABILITY		
	(MCM)		
1	Ground water (as per GEC 2013)	:	14.78
2	Surface Water (as per 2012-13irrigation data)	:	1.20
3	Total water availability	:	15.98
	Ground Water Resource Enhancement		The present requirements of water can be met out from the surface water.
	(MCM)		Hence, The intervention on both
			supply and demand may not be
			required for this firka.
4	Uncommitted surface runoff available for the	:	
	Firka		
5	Total volume of weathered zone	:	
6	Total volume of aquifer available for recharge,		
	considering 3m below Ground Level.		
(a)	Supply side Interventions		
	ARTIFICAIL RECHARGE/CONSE	RV	YATION MEASURES
7	Structures Proposed (nos)	:	
	Masonry Check dam	:	
	Nala Bund	:	
	Revival, repair of pond, tanks with recharge haft	:	
	Percolation Pond with Recharge Shaft		
	Farm Pond:		
8	Excepted total groundwater recharge (MCM)	:	
9	Tentative total cost of the project (Rs. In Cr)		
10	Expected raise in water level by		
	recharging/saving (m)		
(b)	Demand side Interventions		
11	Existing total Groundwater Draft (MCM)	:	
12	Proposed Micro Irrigation in Ha	:	
13	Cost for micro-irrigation (Rs in Lakhs)	:	
14	Expected ground water saving from micro-	:	
	irrigation (MCM)		
	REGULATION & COMMUNITY		
	INTERVENTIONS		
15	Regulation and control	:	The present development of
			groundwater should be maintained and
			should not cross GW availability. As
			the surface water available is more,
			any further requirements should be
			met out from SW sources.