Draft Report



केंद्रीय भूमि जल बोर्ड

जल संसाधन, नदी विकास और गंगा संरक्षण मंत्रालय

भारत सरकार

Central Ground Water Board

Ministry of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation Government of India

Report on

AQUIFER MAPPING AND MANAGEMENT PLAN

Nizamsagar Mandal, Nizamabad District, Telangana

दक्षिणी क्षेत्र, हैदराबाद

Southern Region, Hyderabad

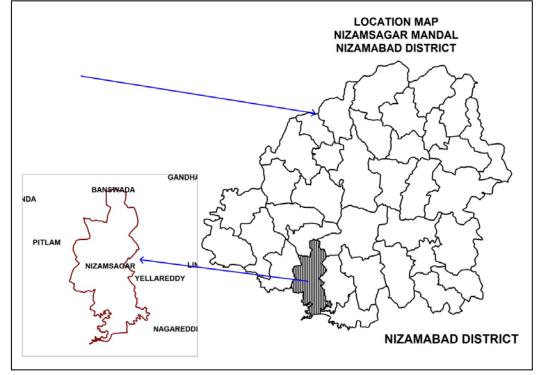


भारत सरकार जल संसाधन नदी विकास एवम् गंगा संरक्षण मंत्रालय केंद्रीय भूमिजल बोर्ड

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT AND GANGA REJUVENATION

REPORT ON

AQUIFER MAPS & MANAGEMENT PLANS NIZAMASAGAR MANDAL, NIZAMABAD DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE



CENTRAL GROUND WATER BOARD SOUTHERN REGION HYDERABAD

AUGUST-2016

	SALIENT FEATURES		D DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE			
1	Name of the Mandal/Area	:	NIZAMSAGAR/167 Km ²			
	Revenue Division	-	NIZAMABAD			
	Location		EL77 ⁰ 51'21.86"- 78 ⁰ 0'19.06"			
	(Fig-1)		NL18 ⁰ 5'30.01"-18 ⁰ 22'52.53"			
2	No. of Revenue villages	:	30			
3	District/State	:	Nizamabad/Telangana			
4	Population /Density (2011 Census)	:	36913/221 per Km ²			
5	Normal Rainfall (mm)	:	1075.8 -Monsoon: 878.4mm (82%)			
	Acual Rainfall(2014-2015)(mm)		-Non-Monsoon:197.40 mm (18%) 627.8			
6	Agriculture (Ha) (2014-15):		Kharif season			
	8		1. Net area sown: 2560			
			2. Paddy: 1872 (73%)			
			3. Total oil seeds: 118(5%)			
			4. Maize: 394(15%)			
			5. Other crops: $162(6\%)$			
			Rabi season			
			1. Net area sown:1608			
			2. Paddy: 575 (36%)			
			3. Total pulses: 188 (12%)			
			I ()			
			4. Total oil seeds: 96(6%)			
			5. Maize: 155(10%)			
7			6. Other crops: 594(37%)			
7	Irrigation (2014-15) (Ha)	:	1. Gross irrigated area: 3482			
			2. Net irrigated area: 2083			
			3. Area irrigated more than once: 1399			
			• Ground water: 2322			
			• Surface water (Tanks):1160			
8	Existing and future water demands		Domestic & Industrial			
	(MCM)		• Existing:0.56			
			• Future (year 2025): 1.40			
			Irrigation (Existing): 14.88			
9	Depth to water level (m bgl)	:	3-17 m (Pre-monsoon)			
			2-18 m (Post-monsoon)			
1.0	AQUIFER DISPOSITION	:				
10	No of Aquifers	:	2			
11	3-D aquifer disposition and basic		Geology-Granites			
	characteristics of each aquifer		Aqufer-1 (Weathered Zone):			
	(3D: Fig-2a		Weathering varies from 9-19 m			
	Section Layout:2b		Transmissivity(T): 6-181 m ² /day			
	Sections: 2c & 2d)		Specific Yield (Sy):0.2 to 2 %			
			Aquifer-2 (Fractured Zone):			
			Depth of fracturing varies from 30-105 m.			
			Transmissivity (T): 10-117 m ² /day			
		1	S_{maxifie} stars $(S):0.00001.0.02$			

REPORT ON AQUIFER MAPS & MANAGEMENT PLANS NIZAMSAGAR MANDAL, NIZAMABAD DISTRICT, TELANGANA STATE

Specific storage (S):0.00001-0.02

			Cumulative yield (Aq1 and Aq 2) (lps): 1.5 to 4						
12	Ground water Issues	:	Geogenic contamination by Fluoride.						
			• Anthropogenic contamination by Nitrate.						
			• Sustainability of wells (3-4 hrs).						
13	Ground water resource availability	:	• Net GW availability :33.82						
	and extraction		Gross Ground Water draft for						
	(MCM)		Irrigation:14.39						
			• Gross Ground water draft for domestic and						
			industrial supply:0.56						
			• Gross GW draft:14.96						
			• Stage of ground water development: 44 %						
			Category: Safe						
14	Ground water extraction	:	No .of ground water extraction structures:3058						
			No. of Dug wells :288						
			No. of Bore wells:2770						
15	Chemical quality of ground water	:	Pre-monsoon						
	and contamination		EC (μ S/cm) min: 200 max:2550						
			NO_3 (mg/L): Min 10 and max 240						
			F (mg/L): Min :0.1 and Max:2.25						
			Post-monsoon EC (μS/cm) min: 375 max:1250						
			NO ₃ (mg/L): Min :25 and max:80						
			F (mg/L): Min 0.1 and Max :1.75						
			11 villages are affected with high						
			fluoride(f>1.5mg/l)						
16	Ground Water Recharge Scenario	:	MCM						
16.1	Recharge from Rainfall (Monsoon)	:	14.50						
16.2	Recharge from Other sources	:	6.77						
	(Tanks and applied irrigation)								
	(Monsoon)								
16.3	Recharge from rainfall (Non-	:	4.31						
1	Monsoon)		11.12						
16.4	Recharge from Other sources	:	11.13						
	(Tanks and applied irrigation) (Non-								
165	Monsoon)		36.71						
16.5 16.6	Total annual GW Recharge	:	2.87						
16.7	Natural Discharge Existing Minor Irrigation	1	55						
10.7	Tanks(nos)	:	55						
16.8	Storage from existing tanks	:	3.80						
16.9	Existing Artificial Recharge	:	60/35/390						
10.7	Structures (PT, CD and Farm ponds)	•	00/00/070						
17	Storage from existing AR Structures		0.6						
	- storage more employing the bulletulos	· ·							

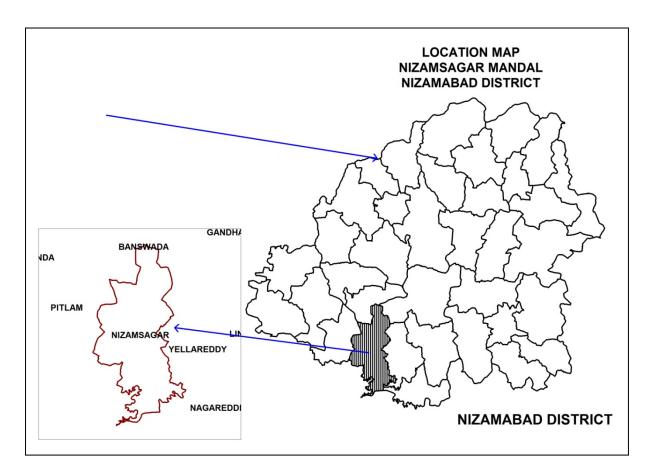


Fig-1: Location Map of Nizamsagar Mandal.

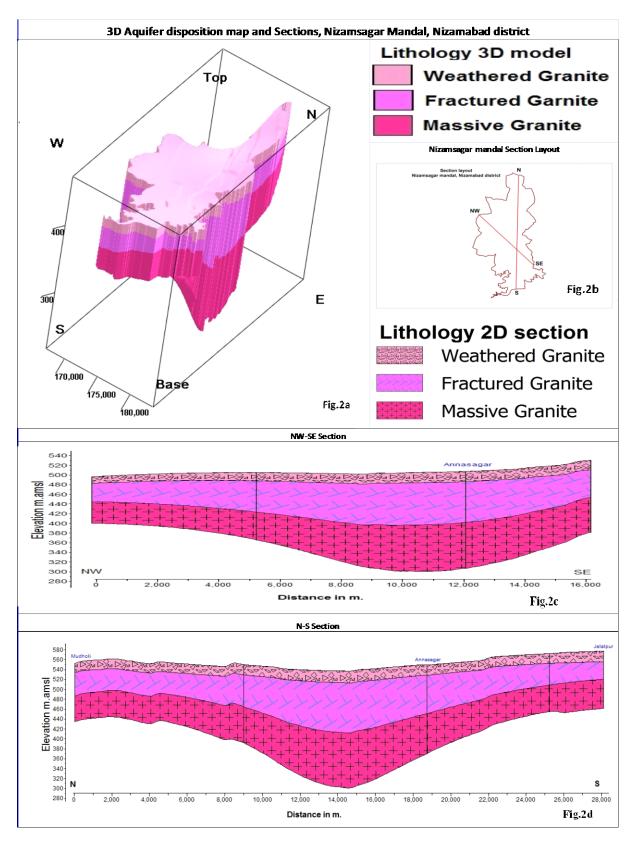


Fig-2(a-d): 3 D map and Sections.

GW MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES, NIZAMSAGR MANDAL

NIZAMABAD DISTRICT

Α	WATER RESOURCE AVAILABILITY				
	Ground water	:	33.82 MCM		
	• Surface Water (Tanks)	:	9.28 MCM		
	Total water availability	:	43.1 MCM		
(a)	Ground Water Resource Enhancement				
	(Table-1)				
	Supply side Interventions				
1	Aquifer wise space available for recharge and	:	0-15 m		
	proposed interventions				
2	Volume of Un-saturated zone (upto 3mbgl)	:	5351.6 MCM		
3	Recharge Potential (Sy 2%)		107 MCM		
4	Utilizable Yield available for ARS	:	17.29 MCM		
5	No. of Check dams (CD's) / Mini percolation	:	174 (CDs:93+PTs81)		
	tanks (MPT's) recommended				
6	Total Cost of ARS	:	12.75 Cr		
7	Expected Ground Water Recharge through	:	3.2 MCM		
	ARS				
8	Water Conservation Measures (WCM) (Farm	:	200		
	Ponds)				
9	Total Cost of WCM	:	0.5Cr		
10	Mission Kakatiya- Repair & Renovation of	:	0.09 MCM (22 tanks)		
	existing Tanks				
11	Proposed tanks to be taken up in phased		33 tanks (@0.01 MCM)		
	manner				
12	Expected GW Recharge under Mission	:	0.03MCM(30 % of capacity)		
	Kakatiya				
13	Mission Bhagiratha (Providing drinking	:	1.35MCM/year		
	water needs to the entire population) @ 100				
	lpcd/person (rural) and 135 (urban) from				
	surface water source from outside the mandal				
	area (From River Krishna)				
14	Net Saving of Ground water from Mission	:	0.81 MCM/year		
<u> </u>	Bhagiratha				
(b)	DEMAND SIDE INTERVENTION				
15	Existing Micro Irrigation Intervention & Gross	:	13 Micro irrigation units/10.01 ha		
	area irrigated				
16	Proposed Micro Irrigation	:	1000 ha in10 Villages @ 100 ha in each		
1 7			non command village.		
17	Cost for micro-irrigation	:	6 Cr@ 0.60 lakhs per ha.		
18	Expected ground water saving from micro-	:	2 MCM of water is expected to be		
()	irrigation	_	conserved.		
(c)	REGULATION & COMMUNITY	1			
10	INTERVENTIONS	-			
19	Regulation and control	:	• WALTA-Act to be implemented		
		1	in true spirit.		

(d)	OTHER INTERVENTIONS SUGGESTED		 Regulation of power supply in 2 spells @ 4 hours/spell to increase bore well/GW sustainability. As mandatory measures power connection may be given to only those farmers who are adopting micro irrigation for all new bore well to be constructed. Participatory Ground Water Management with community and women participation. Paddy cultivation during rabi season should be reduced and to be shifted to ID Crops and drought resistant crops. If necessary some regulatory rules may be framed and implemented. In the existing ground water areas sharing of ground water amongst the users to be encouraged to increase the sustainability of wells by reducing well interference. The bore well owner should be suitably compensated for the cost of well by funding to farmers for adopting micro irrigation practices by the Govt.
(e)	EXPECTED RESULTS AND OUTCOME		
20	Total Cost of Interventions (Excluding Mission Kakatiya and Bhagiratha)	:	19.25 Cr
21	Likely benefit of Interventions	:	~6.04 MCM ground water can be saved from the above interventions. The stage of Ground water development may likely to be come down by 6 % (from 44 % to 38%).

S.No	Village	Unsaturated thickness upto 3 m. bgl (m.)	Village Recharge potential MCM (upto 3 m.bgl)	20% of Runoff for AR MCM	Proposed CD's	Proposed PT's	Total cost	Expected GW Recharge in MCM
	Priority-1	m	MCM	MCM	NO.	NO.	Lakhs	MCM
1	Banjepalle	4	0.3	0.2	2	2	30	0.09
2	Raghavapalle	13	0.8	0.1	3	0	15	0.07
3	Rangapur	15	0.5	0.1	1	0	5	0.03
4	Turkepalle	9	0.1	0.0	0	0	0	0.01
5	Gorgal	8	0.8	0.2	4	4	60	0.11
6	Mangloor	3	0.3	0.2	2	3	40	0.11
	Priority-1(Total)				12	9	150	0.41
	Priority-2							
1	Boorgul	9	1.0	0.2	3	2	35	0.12
2	Galipur	7	0.6	0.2	3	2	35	0.09
3	Gunkul	7	0.7	0.2	3	4	55	0.12
4	Hasanpalle	2	0.2	0.2	5	4	65	0.12
5	Komalancha	7	0.9	0.3	4	5	70	0.14
6	Konampalle	9	0.7	0.2	2	1	20	0.08
7	Maqdumpur	7	1.2	0.4	7	6	95	0.20
8	Narsapoor	13	1.2	0.2	4	1	30	0.10
9	Narva	9	1.2	0.3	6	5	80	0.16
10	Sanivarpet	8	0.5	0.1	1	2	25	0.06
11	Shairkhanpalle	11	0.5	0.1	2	0	10	0.05
12	Singitham	11	0.7	0.1	1	0	5	0.07
13	Telagapoor	11	1.2	0.2	4	3	50	0.11
14	Tunkepalle	9	1.2	0.3	4	0	20	0.15
15	Vengalampalle	9	0.6	0.2	1	3	35	0.08
16	Achampet	6	1.1	0.4	6	6	90	0.20
17	Arepalle	1	0.0	0.0	0	0	0	0.02
18	Jakkapur	5	0.5	0.2	3	2	35	0.10
19	Magi	5	0.5	0.2	2	3	40	0.10
20	Mallur	7	2.0	0.6	9	10	145	0.30
21	Vaelganoor	3	0.4	0.3	5	5	75	0.14
22	Waddepalle	6	1.6	0.6	6	8	110	0.28
	Priority-2 (Total)				81	72	1125	2.81
	Total (P-1&P-2)				93	81	1275	3.22

Table-1: Village wise list of Artificial Recharge Structures Recommended.